Powell County School District

Audited Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

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SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2023 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 96, *Software Information Technology Agreements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions – Pension, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Life Insurance Plan, and Schedule of District Contributions – Life Insurance Plan on pages 4-9 and 65-74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY October 30, 2023

As management of the Powell County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS/OVERALL DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and cash equivalents for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023 (FY23) was \$5,808,230.
- The District ended FY23 with a fund balance in the general fund of \$2,680,241 reflecting an increase of 22% from the prior year.
- Bonds are issued as the District constructs and/or renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education's stringent compliance regulations. The District's bond debt was reduced \$950.000 in FY23.
- At the end of FY23 the District reported a net pension liability of \$10,220,885 related to the County Employees Retirement System representing an increase of \$1,387,044 compared to the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and operating revenues (business type activities).

The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-64 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources were \$2,979,736 more than liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2023, as compared to (\$613,429) at June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not likely to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The breakdown of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position can be seen on page 10 in the statement of net position, government wide basis.

Net position for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	_	2022	Change
Current Assets	\$ 7,367,896	\$	6,164,832	\$ 1,203,064
Noncurrent Assets	24,823,105	_	23,148,746	1,674,359
Total Assets	32,191,001	-	29,313,578	2,877,423
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,951,586	_	4,977,475	1,974,111
-				
Current Liabilities	1,823,480		2,134,459	(310,979)
Noncurrent Liabilities	29,430,481	_	27,175,032	2,255,449
Total Liabilities	31,253,961	_	29,309,491	1,944,470
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,908,890	-	5,594,991	(686,101)
Net Position				
Investment in Capital Assets (net)	12,273,432		9,507,659	2,765,773
Restricted	4,227,584		3,377,773	849,811
Unrestricted	(13,521,280)		(13,498,861)	(22,419)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,979,736	\$	(613,429)	\$ 3,593,165

The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, Governmental Wide Basis.

			Net Change	in Position		
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	To	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues:						
Local revenue sources	\$5,970,807	\$6,318,276	\$103,105	\$76,642	\$6,073,912	\$6,394,918
State revenue sources	\$21,760,876	12,012,038	258,485	219,860	22,019,361	12,231,898
Federal revenue sources	7,652,878	9,033,557	1,807,462	1,593,404	9,460,340	10,626,961
Investments	66,210	5,471	4,290	378	70,500	5,849
Total Revenue	35,450,771	27,369,342	2,173,342	1,890,284	37,624,113	29,259,626
Expenses:						
Instruction	19,150,233	10,765,226	-	-	19,150,233	10,765,226
Student support services	1,510,994	981,665	-	-	1,510,994	981,665
Instructional support	1,628,404	924,717	-	-	1,628,404	924,717
District administration	1,915,640	3,808,241	-	-	1,915,640	3,808,241
School administration	1,878,988	1,308,662	-	-	1,878,988	1,308,662
Business support	491,729	264,368	-	-	491,729	264,368
Plant operations	2,593,596	2,228,586	-	-	2,593,596	2,228,586
Student transportation	2,122,497	2,066,887	-	-	2,122,497	2,066,887
Community service	362,026	315,304	-	-	362,026	315,304
Interest on long-term debt	336,609	379,322	-	-	336,609	379,322
Food service		-	2,040,232	1,752,260	2,040,232	1,752,260
Total Expenses	31,990,716	23,042,978	2,040,232	1,752,260	34,030,948	24,795,238
Transfers	51,305	(87,839)	(51,305)	87,839		-
Change in net position	3,511,360	4,238,525	81,805	225,863	3,593,165	4,464,388
Beginning net position	(137,874)	(4,376,399)	(475,555)	(701,418)	(613,429)	(5,077,817)
Ending net position	3,373,486	(\$137,874)	(393,750)	(\$475,555)	2,979,736	(613,429)

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 60% of governmental program expenses. Plant Operations expense makes up 8% of government expenses. District and School Administration total 12% of governmental expenses. The remaining expenses for support services, community service activities, transportation and interest account for the final 20% of total governmental expense.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities include the food service operations. This program had total revenues of \$2,173,342 and expenses of \$2,040,232 for the fiscal year. Of the revenues, \$103,105 was charges for services, and \$2,065,947 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of operations, excluding transfers, for selected funds (including on- behalf payments). Food service amounts are presented on the accrual basis while general and special revenue funds are on the modified accrual basis:

For the Year ending June 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	_	FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:						
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	2,940,774	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle		426,534		-		-
Utilities		786,295		-		-
Other		4,403		-		
Earnings on investments		54,866		1,354		4,290
Other local revenues		353,760		10,198		103,105
Intergovernmental - state		17,090,364		1,067,498		258,485
Intergovernmental - federal	_	397,475		7,255,403	_	1,807,462
TOTAL REVENUES	_	22,054,471	_	8,334,453	_	2,173,342
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction:		11,968,497		4,649,372		-
Support Services:						
Student		902,479		498,341		-
Instructional staff		754,125		718,050		-
District administration		1,594,888		176,267		-
School administration		1,719,767		21,967		-
Business		461,007		-		-
Plant operations and maintenance		1,968,072		46,584		-
Student transportation		1,830,512		892		-
Food service		-		-		2,040,232
Community service		3,600		323,382		-
Capital outlay		49,472		346,381		-
Debt service		383,477		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		21,635,896	_	6,781,236		2,040,232
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	418,575	\$	1,553,217	\$	133,110

For the Year ending June 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:					
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	3,489,740	\$ -	\$	-
Motor vehicle		491,765	-		-
Utilities		721,900	-		-
Other		603	-		
Earnings on investments		(7,009)	103		378
Other local revenues		269,765	17,486		76,642
Intergovernmental - state		15,629,142	964,207		219,860
Intergovernmental - federal		299,427	8,734,130	_	1,593,404
TOTAL REVENUES		20,895,333	9,715,926		1,890,284
EXPENDITURES:	'-				
Instruction:		11,192,694	3,306,028		-
Support Services:					
Student		803,671	372,544		-
Instructional staff		789,416	574,694		-
District administration		1,350,799	2,877,849		-
School administration		1,615,511	18,223		-
Business		295,528	· -		-
Plant operations and maintenance		1,600,128	46,709		-
Student transportation		1,727,238	37,301		-
Food service		· · ·	, -		1,752,260
Community service		-	282,945		, , , <u>-</u>
Capital outlay		356,212	135,906		-
Debt service		386,731	, -		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	•	20,117,928	7,652,199	•	1,752,260
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	777,405	\$ 2,063,727	\$	138,024

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$24,823,105, representing an increase of \$1,674,359 net of depreciation. This includes intangible subscription assets recognized upon implementation of GASBS No. 96 in the current year.

Debt

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$12,542,359 in bond and financed purchase debt outstanding, plus a premium of \$34,810. \$3,561,740 of the District's debt will be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$1,127,846 is due within one year.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual revenues being \$1,853,387 more than budget. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual expenditures being \$324,797 more than budget. The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, before interfund transfers, was \$22,054,471, an increase of \$1,159,138 from the total revenues of \$20,895,333 for 2022.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a working budget with \$457,699 in contingency (approximately 2.29%).

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Alicia Frazier, Finance Officer (606) 663-3300 or by mail at 691 Breckinridge Street, Stanton, KY 40380.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

			PR	RIMARY GOVERNMENT		
		GOVERNMENTAL		BUSINESS-TYPE		
ACCETC:	-	ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS: Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,074,901	\$	733,329	\$	5,808,230
Investments	•	467,849	•	-	•	467,849
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		59,222		-		59,222
Accounts		76,161		23,639		99,800
Intergovernmental - federal		901,719		-		901,719
Inventory Total Current Assets	-	6,579,852		31,076 788,044		31,076 7,367,896
	-	-,,				,,
Noncurrent Assets		5 400 550				5 400 550
Non-depreciated capital assets		5,422,553		42.060		5,422,553
Net depreciated capital assets Net intangible subscription assets		19,351,118 6,365		43,069		19,394,187 6,365
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	24,780,036		43,069		24,823,105
Total Noticement / issets	-	24,700,000		40,000		24,020,100
TOTAL ASSETS	-	31,359,888		831,113		32,191,001
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding		33,861		-		33,861
Pension - CERS		2,296,385		270,101		2,566,486
OPEB - CERS		1,372,259		152,860		1,525,119
OPEB - KTRS	_	2,826,120				2,826,120
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	=	6,528,625		422,961	_	6,951,586
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		31,738		236		31,974
Accrued salaries		64,755		-		64,755
Accrued Interest Expense		63,535		-		63,535
Current portion of accrued sick leave		51,598		-		51,598
Grant Advances Current portion of financed purchases		483,772 147,846		-		483,772 147,846
Current portion of linanced parchases Current portion of bond obligations		980,000		_		980,000
Total Current Liabilities	-	1,823,244		236	<u> </u>	1,823,480
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations		10,814,810		_		10,814,810
Noncurrent portion of financed purchases		634,513		<u>-</u>		634,513
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave		117,475		-		117,475
Net pension liability - CERS		9,132,406		1,088,479		10,220,885
Net OPEB liability - CERS		2,483,980		305,818		2,789,798
Net OPEB liability - KTRS	_	4,853,000				4,853,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	28,036,184		1,394,297		29,430,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	29,859,428		1,394,533		31,253,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension - CERS		1,111,402		108,349		1,219,751
OPEB - CERS		1,297,197		144,942		1,442,139
OPEB - KTRS	_	2,247,000				2,247,000
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	4,655,599		253,291	_	4,908,890
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		12,230,363		43,069		12,273,432
Restricted - Capital Projects		3,010,851		-		3,010,851
Restricted - Debt Service		8,779		-		8,779
Restricted - Other Purposes		384,253		823,701		1,207,954
Unrestricted	-	(12,260,760)		(1,260,520)		(13,521,280)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,373,486	\$	(393,750)	\$	2,979,736

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES **OPERATING** CAPITAL **CHARGES FOR GRANTS AND GRANTS AND** GOVERNMENTAL **BUSINESS-TYPE EXPENSES** FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS SERVICES **CONTRIBUTIONS** CONTRIBUTIONS **ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES TOTAL Primary Government** Governmental Activities: Instructional \$ 19,150,233 \$ - \$ 7,754,547 \$ \$ (11,395,686)\$ - \$ (11,395,686)Support Services: Student 1,510,994 (1,510,994)(1,510,994)Instructional staff 1,628,404 (1,628,404)(1,628,404)District administration 1,915,640 (1,915,640)(1,915,640)School administration 1,878,988 (1,878,988)(1,878,988)Business 491,729 (491,729)(491,729)(2,593,596)Plant operations and maintenance 2,593,596 (2,593,596)Student transportation 2,122,497 (2,122,497)(2,122,497)Community service 362,026 (362,026)(362,026)336,609 Interest on long-term debt 451,481 114,872 114,872 **Total Governmental Activities** 31,990,716 7.754.547 451.481 (23,784,688)(23,784,688) Business-Type Activities: 103,105 Food service 2,040,232 128,820 2,065,947 128,820 103,105 128,820 Total Business-Type Activities 2,040,232 2,065,947 128,820 **Total Primary Government** 34,030,948 \$ 103,105 \$ 9,820,494 \$ 451,481 (23,784,688) \$ 128,820 \$ (23,655,868) General Revenues: Taxes: Property \$ 3,742,068 \$ 3,742,068 Motor vehicle 426.534 426,534 Utilities 786,295 786,295 Other 4.403 4.403 State aid formula grants 21,309,394 21,309,394 Interest and investment earnings 66,210 4,290 70,500 Gain on disposal Other local revenues 909.839 909,839 Transfers 51,305 (51,305)**Total General Revenues** 27.296.048 (47.015)27.249.033 Change in Net Position 3,511,360 81,805 3,593,165 Net Position beginning (137,874)(475,555)(613,429)

Net Position ending

3,373,486 \$

(393,750)\$

2,979,736

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	1	CONSTRUCTION FUND		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,747,155	\$	_	\$	2,157,749	\$	1,169,997	\$	5,074,901
Investments	Ψ	467,849	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,101,140	Ψ	1,100,007	Ψ	467,849
Interfund receivable Accounts receivable		406,872		-		-		-		406,872
Taxes		59,222		-		-		-		59,222
Accounts		76,161		-		-		-		76,161
Intergovernmental - federal	_		_	901,719						901,719
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	2,757,259	\$_	901,719	\$	2,157,749	\$	1,169,997	\$	6,986,724
LIABILITIES:										
Interfund payable	\$	-	\$	406,872	\$	-	\$	-	\$	406,872
Accounts payable		12,263		11,075		-		8,400		31,738
Sick leave payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued salaries		64,755		400 770		-		-		64,755
Grant Advances	_	77.040	_	483,772				9.400		483,772
TOTAL LIABILITIES		77,018	_	901,719	•		•	8,400		987,137
FUND BALANCES: Restricted										
Capital projects		_		_		2,157,749		853,102		3,010,851
Debt service		-		-		-		8,779		8,779
Sick leave		84,537		-		-		, -		84,537
Other		-		-		-		299,716		299,716
Committed		60,453		-		-		-		60,453
Unassigned		2,535,251		-		-		-		2,535,251
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,680,241	_			2,157,749		1,161,597		5,999,587
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,757,259	\$_	901,719	\$	2,157,749	\$	1,169,997	\$	6,986,724

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,999,587
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	24,780,036
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Deferred loss on refunding Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS	33,861 2,296,385 1,372,259
OPEB - KTRS	2,826,120
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resourses and therefore, are not reported in the government funds, but are presented in the statement of net position	
Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - KTRS	(9,132,406) (2,483,980) (4,853,000)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Pension - CERS	(1,111,402)
OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS	(1,297,197) (2,247,000)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:	
Bonds payable	(11,794,810)
Financed purchases Accrued interest	(782,359) (63,535)
Accrued sick leave	(169,073)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,373,486

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	CONSTRUCTION FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:						
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	2,940,774 \$	- ;	\$ - :	\$ 801,294	
Motor vehicle		426,534	-	-	-	426,534
Utilities		786,295	-	-	-	786,295
Other		4,403	=	=	=	4,403
Earnings on investments		54,866	1,354	9,442	548	66,210
Other local revenues		353,760	10,198	-	647,549	1,011,507
Intergovernmental - state		17,090,364	1,067,498	-	1,906,291	20,064,153
Intergovernmental - federal		397,475	7,255,403	-	, , , <u>-</u>	7,652,878
TOTAL REVENUES	_	22,054,471	8,334,453	9,442	3,355,682	33,754,048
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Instruction:		11,968,497	4,649,372	=	600,658	17,218,527
Support Services:						
Student		902,479	498,341	-	2,155	1,402,975
Instructional staff		754,125	718,050	-	23,370	1,495,545
District administration		1,594,888	176,267	=	=	1,771,155
School administration		1,719,767	21,967	-	-	1,741,734
Business		461,007	-	-	-	461,007
Plant operations and maintenance		1,968,072	46,584	-	-	2,014,656
Student transportation		1,830,512	892	-	-	1,831,404
Community service		3,600	323,382	_	_	326,982
Capital outlay		49,472	346,381	2,561,014	-	2,956,867
Debt service		383,477	-	_,00.,0	1,055,754	1,439,231
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	21,635,896	6,781,236	2,561,014	1,681,937	32,660,083
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		418,575	1,553,217	(2,551,572)	1,673,745	1,093,965
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers in		110,896	49,925	3,143,373	604,272	3,908,466
Operating transfers out		(42,454)	(1,603,142)	0,140,070	(2,211,565)	(3,857,161)
Issuance of debt proceeds		(42,404)	(1,000,142)	_	(2,211,303)	(3,037,101)
Gain (Loss) on disposal		-	-	-	-	-
	_	68,442	(4.552.047)	3,143,373	(4.007.000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		08,442	(1,553,217)	3,143,373	(1,607,293)	51,305
Net Change in Fund Balances		487,017	-	591,801	66,452	1,145,270
Fund Balance - beginning of year	_	2,193,224		1,565,948	1,095,145	4,854,317
Fund Balance - end of year	\$	2,680,241 \$		\$ 2,157,749	\$1,161,597	\$ 5,999,587

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 1,145,270

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Bond discounts are expensed as incurred in the fund financial statement, but are amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of activities:

Amortization bond premium/discount 420
Amortization deferred loss on refunding (8,017)

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statement because they are current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.

Capital outlays 2,956,867 Depreciation expense (1,272,339)

Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activites when they are incurred.

Accrued interest 4,842 Sick leave (25,056)

Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, and the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.

KTRS on-behalf revenue	1,696,721
KTRS on-behalf pension expense	(1,675,721)
KTRS on-behalf OPEB expense	(21,000)
Pension expense - CERS	(340,376)
OPEB expense - CERS	(293,319)
OPEB expense - KTRS	237,692

Bond and financed purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.

1,105,376

4 000 704

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,511,360

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND							
	_	DUD OF TE					VARIANCE	
	_	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	:D /	AMOUNIS FINAL	-	ACTUAL		Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	-	ORIGINAL	•	TINAL	-	ACTUAL		(Offiavorable)
From Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	2,306,310	\$	2,705,575	\$	2,940,774	\$	235,199
Motor vehicle		414,000		400,476		426,534		26,058
Utilities		650,000		650,000		786,295		136,295
Other		3,000		3,000		4,403		1,403
Earnings on investments		5,000		30,000		54,866		24,866
Other local revenues		319,140		106,210		353,760		247,550
Intergovernmental - state		15,663,775		16,030,823		17,090,364		1,059,541
Intergovernmental - federal		275,000		275,000		397,475		122,475
TOTAL REVENUES	_	19,636,225		20,201,084	_	22,054,471		1,853,387
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Instruction:		12,166,455		12,520,236		11,968,497		551,739
Support Services:								
Student		823,424		912,009		902,479		9,530
Instructional staff		775,790		715,117		754,125		(39,008)
District administration		1,146,293		1,522,637		1,594,888		(72,251)
School administration		1,475,345		1,485,326		1,746,117		(260,791)
Business		347,033		351,112		461,007		(109,895)
Plant operations and maintenance		1,644,577		1,927,589		1,991,194		(63,605)
Student transportation		1,220,306		1,489,996		1,830,512		(340,516)
Community service		-		-		3,600		(3,600)
Debt service	_	375,688		386,347	_	383,477		2,870
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		19,974,911		21,310,369	_	21,635,896		(324,797)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(338,686)		(1,109,285)		418,575		1,528,590
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in		250,341		190,688		110,896		(79,792)
Operating transfers out		(45,150)		(45,150)		(42,454)		2,696
Issuance of debt proceeds				-		-		-
Gain (Loss) on disposal		1,000		-		-		-
Contingency	_	(457,699)		(1,229,091)	_	-		1,229,091
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(251,508)		(1,083,553)	_	68,442		1,151,995
Net Change in Fund Balance		(590,194)		(2,192,838)		487,017		2,680,585
Fund Balance beginning	_	590,194	-	2,159,112	_	2,193,224	-	34,112
Fund Balance ending	\$_	-	\$	(33,726)	\$	2,680,241	\$	2,714,697

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VARIANCE **BUDGETED AMOUNTS** Favorable ORIGINAL **ACTUAL** (Unfavorable) **FINAL REVENUES:** From Local Sources: Earnings from Investments \$ 1 \$ 1,354 1,353 1 Other local revenues 10,196 10,495 10,198 (297)Intergovernmental - state 931,985 1,282,903 1,067,498 (215,405)Intergovernmental - indirect federal 5,571,586 2,628,599 7,255,403 4,626,804 **TOTAL REVENUES** 6,513,768 3,921,998 8,334,453 4,412,455 **EXPENDITURES:** Current: Instruction: 3,328,426 2,403,172 4,787,603 (2,384,431)Support Services: Student 468,401 435,728 507,006 (71,278)Instructional staff 523,037 492,607 718,050 (225,443)District administration 1,976,941 103,115 375,752 (272.637)School administration 19,038 21,883 21,967 (84)Plant operations and maintenance 46,709 46,584 46,584 (892)Student transportation 892 Community Services 284,699 321,329 323,382 (2,053)TOTAL EXPENDITURES 6,647,251 3,824,418 6,781,236 (2,956,818)Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (133,483)97,580 1,553,217 1,455,637 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in 45,150 45,150 49,925 (4,775)Operating transfers out (140,688)(1,603,142)1,462,454 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 45,150 (95,538)(1,553,217)1,457,679 Net Change in Fund Balance (88,333)2,042 2,042 Fund Balance beginning 2,042 \$ 2,042 Fund Balance ending (88,333) \$

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
ASSETS:		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	733,329
Accounts receivable		23,639
Inventory		31,076
Total Current Assets		788,044
Noncurrent Assets		
Vehicles		8,800
Machinery & equipment		626,433
Accumulated depreciation		(592,164)
Total Noncurrent Assets	•	43,069
	•	,
TOTAL ASSETS	:	831,113
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension - CERS		270,101
OPEB - CERS		152,860
OF EB OLING	•	102,000
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	:	422,961
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		236
Total Current Liabilities	•	236
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability - CERS		1,088,479
Net OPEB Liability - CERS		305,818
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,394,297
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,394,533
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension - CERS		108,349
OPEB - CERS		144,942
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	:	253,291
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		43,069
Restricted		823,701
Unrestricted		(1,260,520)
TOTAL MET POSITION		(222 ===:
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(393,750)

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES: Lunchroom sales Other operating revenue TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		100,817 2,288 103,105
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Contract services Materials and supplies Miscellaneous Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		415,369 437,828 26,768 1,144,412 5,687 10,168 2,040,232
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,937,127)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Federal grants Federal commodities State grants Interest income Gain (Loss) on sale of equipment NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		1,675,547 131,915 258,485 4,290 - 2,070,237
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		133,110
Transfers In Transfers Out		- (51,305)
Change in Net Position		81,805
Total Net Position beginning		(475,555)
Total Net Position ending	\$	(393,750)

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	F	OOD SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	92,097 (1,052,897) (538,786)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,499,586)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Governmental grants		(51,305) 1,687,336
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		1,636,031
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets Interest received		- 4,290
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		4,290
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		140,735
Cash and cash equivalents beginning		592,594
Cash and cash equivalents ending	\$	733,329
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net	\$	(1,937,127)
Cash from Operating Activities: Depreciation On-behalf payments Donated commodities		10,168 246,697 131,915
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows		(11,008) (8,181) 236 133,905 13,313 (45,802)
Deferred inflows Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 \$	(33,702)
	*=	(1,100,000)
Non-cash Items: On-behalf payments Donated commodities	\$ \$	246,697 131,915

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	_	SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUST FUND
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	17,685 168,673
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	186,358
NET POSITION: Net position - Held in trust	\$_	186,358
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	186,358

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUST FUND	
ADDITIONS	 	
Contributions	\$ 1,000	
Interest Income	 5,741	
Total Additions	 6,741	
DEDUCTIONS Community service Total Deductions	4,000 4,000	
Change in Net Position	2,741	
Total net position - beginning of year	 183,617	
Total net position - end of year	\$ 186,358	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Powell County School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America. U. S. governmental accounting standards are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for state and local governmental entities. The following discussion is a summary of the more significant accounting policies that apply to the District.

Reporting Entity

The Powell County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Powell County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Powell County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Parent-Teacher Associations, School-Based Decision-Making Councils, and Family Resource Centers. Student organizations are blended into the Student Activity fund, a Special Revenue fund in accordance with GASBS No. 84, *Fiduciary Funds* and KDE policy.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements.

Blended Component Unit

Powell County Board of Education Finance Corporation - In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Powell County School District Finance Corporation (a non-stock, non-profit corporation organized under School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180) (the Corporation) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building improvements. The Board members of the Powell County Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements present government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities accompanied by a total column.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year- end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are property tax and utility tax. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.
 - The Special Revenue Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
 - 2) The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the school or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditure of those funds. This is a non-major fund of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- 3) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for activities and programs for athletic, community service, and scholastic organizations managed by each school to benefit student activities. This fund was added in FY 2021 after the District implemented GASBS No. 84, Fiduciary Activity. This is a non-major fund of the District.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The following are Capital Project Funds:
 - The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds (unless authorized for retention in the General Fund) and is generally restricted for use in financing capital acquisitions. This is a non-major fund of the District.
 - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a non-major fund of the District.
 - The Construction Fund accounts for funds from two sources. First, funds generated by sales of bonds issues are used for various construction and renovation projects. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the Board for construction projects in future years. This is a major fund of the District.
- (D) The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used for payment of principal and interest and other debt related costs. This is a non-major fund of the District.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)</u>

The Food Service Fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

III. Fiduciary Fund Types (Private-Purpose Trust Fund)

The Private Purpose Trust Fund (Scholarship Fund) is used to report bequests left for charitable payments for scholarship awards. The assets are held by the District in a trustee capacity, whereby the original bequest is preserved as nonexpendable and the interest earnings are available for scholarships for Powell County High School students.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before eligibility criteria other than time requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as inventory and unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer. However, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund when tax revenues are restricted to a specific purpose.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.513 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.513 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$0.502 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the delivery, within the district, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Capital Assets (Cont'd)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Buildings and improvements	25-50	years
Land improvements	20	years
Technology equipment	5	years
Vehicles	5-10	years
Audio-visual equipment	15	years
Food service equipment	12	years
Furniture and fixtures	20	years
Rolling Stock	15	years
Other	10	years

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements, but is reflected in the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- c) Capital outlay is budgeted within the departmental budget (budgetary) as opposed to separate classification by character (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end in accordance with state law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund advances are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CERS and KTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 6.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

Fund Balances

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) for fiscal year 2011 for its governmental funds. Fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds) will be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2023 consists of \$3,010,851 for capital projects in the Construction, SEEK Capital Outlay, and FSPK Building funds, \$8,779 for debt service in the Debt Service fund, \$299,716 for student activities in the District Activity and Student Activity funds, and \$84.537 for sick leave in the General fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fund Balances (Cont'd)

- Committed fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a resolution. \$60,453 of general fund balance has been committed for the site-based decision making council as of June 30, 2023.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board or a delegated entity has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and any deferred outflows/inflows related to debt issued for capital financing. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by various schools and fees charged for day care services. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied directly to the production of the goods and services, such as the materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows- contributions to the CERS and KTRS pension systems after the measurement period, differences between actual and estimated actuarial assumptions in the two pension systems (see Notes 6 and 7), and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt (see Note 4).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports one type of deferred inflows- those related to the net differences between projected and actual actuarial assumptions for pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 6 and 7).

Lease Liabilities

The lease liability is recognized at the commencement of the lease term, unless the lease is a short-term lease, below the lease capitalization threshold of \$5,000, or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives) based on a borrowing rate specified in the contract or implicit rate. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease and extensions the District is reasonably certain to exercise. The District monitors changes in circumstances that are expected to significantly affect the amount of a lease liability that may require a remeasurement of its lease.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This standard will require similar recognition for right-to-use subscription intangible assets and a corresponding subscription liability that is provided for long-term leases in GASBS No. 87. The District reviewed its current IT subscription services and implemented the standard in the current year. Further details of the implementation are outlined in Note 19.

In June 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, that will be effective for these types of changes in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District will apply this guidance, when appropriate.

In June 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 (the District's 2025 fiscal year). This standard revises some definitions for compensated absences and consolidates guidance for all types of leave to a single accounting recognition. This standard is not likely to have a material effect on the District's financial statements since they only provide one type of leave that is already recognized using the principles in GASBS No. 101.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are valued using level 2 inputs.

Investments recorded by the district consist of the following as of June 30, 2023:

	Fair Value		
Investment Type	Classification	Fund	Fair Value
Guggenheim Annuity Contract	Level 2	Fiduciary	\$168,673
Anthene Annuity Contract	Level 2	General	250,251
North American Co. Annuity Contract	Level 2	General	217,598
Total Investments			\$619,492

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC Insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$5,808,230. The bank balance for the same time was \$6,897,730. Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by the purposes of the various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

•	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,220,539	\$0	\$0	\$1,220,539
Construction in Progress	1,641,000	2,561,014	0	4,202,014
Total Capital Assets not being			_	
depreciated	2,861,539	2,561,014	0	5,422,553
Other Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,067,294	0	0	1,067,294
Buildings & Improvements	36,446,617	7,620	0	36,454,237
Technological Equipment	754,245	8,665	0	762,910
Vehicles	4,109,294	167,636	139,337	4,137,593
General Equipment	1,147,201	200,794	0	1,347,995
Total Other Assets	43,524,651	384,715	139,337	43,770,029
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,064,735)	(1,383)	0	(1,066,119)
Buildings & Improvements	(18,009,303)	(1,024,808)	0	(19,034,111)
Technological Equipment	(675,457)	(21,234)	0	(696,691)
Vehicles	(2,640,263)	(179,115)	(139,337)	(2,680,041)
General Equipment	(900,926)	(41,024)	0	(941,949)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,290,684)	(1,267,565)	(139,337)	(24,418,912)
Other Capital Assets, net	20,233,968	(882,850)	0	19,351,118
Intangible Assets				
Subscriptions	0	11,139	0	11,139
Accumulated amortization	0	(4,774)	0	(4,774)
Intangible Assets, net	0	6,365	0	6,365
Governmental Activities, net	\$23,095,507	\$1,684,529	\$0	\$24,780,036
Business Activities:				
Technological Equipment	\$8,800	\$0	\$0	\$8,800
General Equipment	626,433	0	0	626,433
Total	635,233	0	0	635,233
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Technological Equipment	(8,800)	0	0	(8,800)
General Equipment	(573,195)	(10,168)	0	(583,364)
Total accumulated depreciation	(581,995)	(10,168)	0	(592,164)
Business Activities, net	\$53,238	(\$10,168)	\$0	\$43,069
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NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$548,578
Support Services:	
District Administration	19,000
School Administration	2,252
Business Support Services	141
Plant Operations & Maintenance	515,541
Student Transportation	178,827
Community Services	8,000
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$1,272,339

Intangible Subscription Assets

In FY 2023, the District implemented the guidance of GASBS No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for accounting and reporting subscriptions that had previously been reported as expense when subscription payments were made.

The District has entered into various agreements for subscription based information technology software. The majority of these agreements cover only one fiscal year and are therefore exempt from the requirements under GASBS No. 96. However, the District is currently party to one subscription agreement to which the guidance in GASBS No. 96 is applicable.

In July 2022 the District entered into a subscription agreement with CEV for iCEV software. The term of the subscription is 28 months beginning July 1, 2022. The entire subscription cost of \$11,139 was paid up-front in July of 2022. In accordance with GASB 96 this amount was reported as an intangible asset at June 30, 2023, with accumulated amortization of \$4,774. The remaining amount will be amortized at \$398 per month over the subscription term

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The District, through the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Powell County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has the option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "Participation Agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements. The original amount of each issue, the issue date, interest rates, and outstanding balances of each bond are summarized below:

Issue	Proceeds	Rates	Maturity Dates	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2023
2013	5,545,000	1.50% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	3,315,000
2015R	2,685,000	2.00% - 2.40%	8/1/2026	1,180,000
2016 Energy	3,765,000	2.00% - 3.00%	5/1/1936	3,120,000
2016	4,120,000	1.15% - 3.00%	8/1/1936	3,525,000
2016R	960,000	1.10% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	620,000
	\$17,075,000			\$11,760,000

The bonds which may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Powell County S	School District	Kentucky School Construction Commission		
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$616,499	\$207,943	\$363,501	\$87,979	\$1,275,922
2025	638,805	194,977	371,195	80,287	1,285,264
2026	665,918	181,603	379,082	72,401	1,299,004
2027	693,479	166,408	356,521	64,125	1,280,533
2028	538,755	151,585	266,245	56,650	1,013,235
2029-2033	2,934,982	543,624	1,445,018	173,760	5,097,384
2034-2038	2,109,822	127,730	380,178	21,788	2,639,518
	\$8,198,260	\$1,573,870	\$3,561,740	\$556,990	\$13,890,860

Defeased Bonds

The District has Series 2015 and 2016 refunding bonds which resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt creating deferred outflows of resources of \$32,751 and \$60,470, respectively. These deferred balances will be amortized to operations yearly for \$2,977 and \$5,039 through 2026 and 2028, respectively. The total balance of the deferred loss on refunding as of June 30, 2023 was \$33,861.

Financed Purchases

The District finances several buses under financing agreements issued by the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA). The following table summarizes the KISTA agreements outstanding as of June 30, 2023:

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

			2022			2023
	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding			Outstanding
KISTA Issue	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	<u>Balance</u>
Series 2015	3/1/2025	2.00%	\$63,362	\$0	23,079	\$40,283
Series 2016	3/1/2026	2.00%	87,121	0	22,973	64,148
Series 2017	3/1/2027	2.55%	109,829	0	22,302	87,527
Series 2019	3/1/2029	3.00%	152,960	0	21,861	131,099
Series 2020	3/1/2030	2.00%	91,599	0	11,191	80,408
Series 2021	3/1/2031	3.10%	432,864	0	53,970	378,894
Totals			\$937,735	\$0	\$155,376	\$782,359

Future minimum lease payments under the terms of the leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	147,846	15,298	163,144
2025	146,800	12,213	159,013
2026	125,368	9,050	134,418
2027	106,912	6,431	113,343
2028	80,737	4,303	85,040
2029-2031	174,696	4,985	179,681
	\$782,359	\$52,281	\$834,640

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital leases by class at June 30, 2023:

Class of Property	Amount
Buses Book Value	\$841.901

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
\$12,710,000	\$0	\$950,000	\$11,760,000	\$980,000
35,230	0	420	34,810	0
937,735	0	155,376	782,359	147,846
144,017	86,637	61,581	169,073	51,598
\$13,826,982	\$86,637	\$1,167,377	\$12,746,242	\$1,179,444
	Balance \$12,710,000 35,230 937,735 144,017	Balance Additions \$12,710,000 \$0 35,230 0 937,735 0 144,017 86,637	Balance Additions Reductions \$12,710,000 \$0 \$950,000 35,230 0 420 937,735 0 155,376 144,017 86,637 61,581	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$12,710,000 \$0 \$950,000 \$11,760,000 35,230 0 420 34,810 937,735 0 155,376 782,359 144,017 86,637 61,581 169,073

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS UNDER SHORT-TERM LEASES

Commitments under short-term lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Amount
2024	\$2,857

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS UNDER SHORT-TERM LEASES (Cont'd)

Expenditures for equipment under short-term leases for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$16,632.

During analysis of the implementation of GASB 87 (See Note 1) it was determined the district only had leases for the short-term equipment agreements that meet the provisions of GASB No. 87, paragraph 16. Short-term leases are recognized as outflows based on the payment provisions of the contracts.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA), an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As of April 1, 2021, Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 78.782 shifted the governance of CERS to a separate Board of Trustees of the County Employees Retirement System. The CERS Board manages the CERS trust, including investment management.

KPPA provides the day-to-day administration (KRS 61.505) for accounting and benefit administration for CERS. The Kentucky General Assembly has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from https://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years of service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87 At least 10 years of service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87 Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. In 2013, the General Assembly established funding status thresholds which must be achieved before another COLA can be awarded to retirees.

Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Employer Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2023, employer contributions were established by the County Employees Retirement Systems in December 2021. The governing Board establishes employer contribution rates based on the annual actuarial valuation completed in November each year for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. For fiscal year 2023, the employer contribution rate for CERS nonhazardous pensions was 23.4% and hazardous pensions was 42.81%. In fiscal year 2022, these rates were 22.78% and 35.60%, respectively. Rates for both 2023 and 2022 reflect the adjustments enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly to phase-in the actuarially determined rates. (See Note 7 for additional rate information for the OPEB plans.)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Employee Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>NonHazardous</u>	<u>Hazardous</u>
Tier 1	5%	8%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance	8% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance	8% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS of Ky")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS of Ky)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS of Ky was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS of Ky is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS of Ky issues a separate publicly available financial report that can be obtained from the TRS of Ky website, at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Effective July 1, 2008, the System was amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date. Members hired after July 1, 2008, must complete 27 years of service, attain age 60 and 5 years of service, or attain age 55 and 10 years of service. The annual retirement allowance for members hired after July 1, 2008, is 1.7% for 10 years or less of service; 2.0% for 10 -20 years; 2.3% for 20 - 26 years; 2.5% for 26 - 30 years; or 3.0% for more than 30 years of service. The annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

In 2021, the Kentucky General Assembly added a fourth tier to the TRS System. Members hired on or after January 1, 2022, will be eligible for a combined defined benefit and defined contribution plan. The defined benefit portion is based on length of service, final average salary, a multiplier, and the annuity option selected by the member. The defined contribution benefit portion is determined by an account balance funded by mandatory and voluntary contributions and the payment options selected by the member.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS of Ky also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

TRS provides disability retirement allowance for members who are totally and permanently disabled after completing at least 5 years of service, but less than 27 years. The disability allowance is equal to 60% of the member's final average salary, payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the date of disability or five years, whichever is longer.

If the member is still disabled after the end of the entitlement period, the member receives a service retirement allowance, including additional service credit for the period of disability retirement. This extended allowance will not be less than \$6,000 and is not reduced for retirement prior to age 60 or completion of 27 years of service.

TRS provides a death benefit to a surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service. This benefit is \$2,880 per year unless the spouse has income from other sources that exceed \$6,600 which will reduce this death benefit to \$2,160 per year. A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service is eligible for a death benefit actuarially equivalent to the allowance that the member would have received upon retirement. This benefit will commence on the date the deceased member would have been eligible for the service retirement and is payable during the life of the spouse. Additional benefits are provided for unmarried children under age 18 who are also survivors of the deceased member.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

If an employee terminates covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Tiers 1, 2, and 3 non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) For the FY22 measurement period, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, paid matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 17.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008, for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) The 2020 actuarially determined combined member and state contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 30.665% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008, and 31.665% for those hired after July 1, 2008. The 2019 actuarially determined combined member and state contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 38.56% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008, and 39.56% for those hired after July 1, 2008. The Kentucky General Assembly increased the employer contribution in the state's fiscal year 2022 budget to reflect the actuarially determined rates, less the employee contribution.

The mandatory pension contribution for Tier 4 non-university employees hired on or after January 1, 2022, is 11%. Employer rates for Tier 4 are 10%. (See OPEB Note 7 for additional contribution rates.) Those employees may voluntarily contribute an additional amount, not to exceed the earnings on a paycheck.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS of Ky because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS of Ky on behalf of the District in a special funding situation. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net CERS pension liability \$ 10,220,885

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net KTRS pension liability associated with the District

\$ \frac{45,943,187}{56,164,072}

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actuarial liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.141387 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$376,747 related to CERS and expense of \$3,546,527 related to TRS of Ky. The District also recognized on-behalf revenue of \$3,361,833 for TRS of Ky support provided by the Commonwealth paid directly to TRS of Ky.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_		
experience	\$	10,927	\$ 91,021
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,390,756	1,128,730
Changes in proportion and differences between		1,000,100	.,0,.00
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		355,064	-
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	809,739	 <u> </u>
	\$_	2,566,486	\$ 1,219,751

\$809,739 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year e	nde	d June 30:
2023	\$	249,861
2024	\$	82,673
2025	\$	(85,890)
2026	\$	290,352
2027	\$	_

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS of Ky_		
Price inflation	2.30%	2.5%		
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.0%	0.0%		
Salary increases	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%		
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.1%		

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>CERS</u>	TRS of Ky
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	N/A
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.00%	1.5%
Salary Increases-NonHazardous	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%
Salary Increases-Hazardous	3.55% - 19.05%	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.10%

For CERS, mortality tables used for active members was the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous system, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled members, the table used is the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For TRS of Ky, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 and various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

•	Target	Long-Term Expected
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Credit	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

For TRS of Ky, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS of Ky's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

3		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS of Ky, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. The actuary assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS of Ky proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
CERS	· <u> </u>	5.25%	6.25%	-	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	12,774,839	\$ 10,220,885	\$	8,108,554
KTRS		6.10%	7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS of Ky.

Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, was amended by GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The GASB standards allow entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities for these defined contribution plans from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities in this financial statement.

NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System of Kentucky (TRS of Ky) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and TRS of Ky plans. The change in governance for CERS discussed in Note 5 for pension plan governance also applies to the CERS OPEB plans. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes the CERS OPEB plan reports and may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/. TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS of Ky.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description—CERS health insurance benefits are also subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium. Hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Benefits Provided—Percentage of premium subsidies ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non- hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Hazardous retirees receive \$15 toward the monthly premium and the hazardous retiree's spouse may also receive this contribution upon the retiree's death. The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually by a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) since July 2004.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Contributions—CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. CERS allocated 3.39% in FY 2023 and 4.17% in FY 2022 for the actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the nonhazardous healthcare benefit. Contributions for the hazardous OPEB plan were 6.78% in FY 2023 and 8.73% in FY 2022. In addition, 1% of the Tier 2 and 3 employee contributions are allocated to the health insurance plan for both hazardous and nonhazardous plans. OPEB contribution rates are declining as the funded status for CERS health insurance benefit plans approach 100%.

CERS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,789,798 for its proportionate share of the CERS collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.141362 percent. The District recognized OPEB expense of \$324,662 as the OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources increased and the related deferred inflows of resources decreased.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

CERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 280,816	\$ 639,766
Changes of assumptions	441,226	363,568
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	519,489	406,258
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	166,280	32,547
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	117,308	-
	\$ 1,525,119	\$ 1,442,139

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$117,308 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Year ended J	<u>lune 30:</u>	
2023	\$	40,226
2024	\$	41,042
2025	\$	(136,584)
2026	\$	20,988
2027	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	_

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.30% - 10.30%, for non-hazardous, depending on years of service
	3 55% to 19 05% for hazardous, depending on years of service

Inflation rate 2.30%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under 65 Initial trend rate starts at 6.40%, January 2021, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 6.3%, January 2021, and gradually decreasing to

an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years

3.69% for both hazardous and non-hazardous Municipal Bond Index Rate

Discount Rate 5.70% non-hazardous and 5.61% hazardous

Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. The investment return, price inflation, and payroll growth assumption were adopted by the Board in May 2021 for use with the June 30, 2021 valuation in order to reflect future economic expectations.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Credit	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

Discount rate – The single discount rate of 5.70% for CERS nonhazardous and 5.61% for CERS hazardous was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The Single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022.

Future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy mandated in Ky Revised Statutes 61.565, as amended, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (the Kentucky General Assembly reset the amortization period to 30 years in 2020) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system.

However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy for non-Medicare retirees is not currently included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not paid out of the System's trust. The implicit rate subsidy is paid by the Commonwealth of Kentucky self-insurance fund, Kentucky Employees Health Plan. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	_	4.70%	 5.70%	 6.70%
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,729,515	\$ 2,789,798	\$ 2,012,965

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	 1% Decrease	_	Trend Rate	_	1% Increase
CERS					
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,074,153	\$	2,789,798	\$	3,649,153

The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes financial reports for the CERS OPEB plans and may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

TRS of Ky POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS of Ky Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans in a special funding situation for local school districts. Local school districts include a proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses for the cost-sharing medical insurance plan.

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, KRS 161.675 requires TRS of Ky to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS of Ky Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS of Ky Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions–KRS 161.540 requires non-university members to contribute 3.75% to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, including members in Tier 4 hired after January 1, 2022. The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributes three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and local school district employers contribute three percent (3.00%). In addition, the state contributes 1.57% for the cost of health insurance for retirees who are not eligible for Medicare. The total member and employer actuarially determined contribution based on the 2021 valuation was 4.62% for school district employees. The FY 22 difference between the total contributions and actuarially determined contribution (4.45%) was applied to reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The FY21 total member and employer actuarially determined contribution rate was 4.64% and 4.44% (the excess payment) was applied to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

TRS of Ky OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$4,853,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for medical insurance.

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.195494 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a decrease in OPEB expense of \$237,692 as the liability decreased, deferred outflows and inflows of resource increased, and deferred contributions increased. In addition, the District recognized onbehalf revenue and expenses of \$85,216 for support provided by the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

KTRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		-	
experience \$	-	\$	2,040,000
Changes of assumptions	986,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	258,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences betwe District contributions and proportionate sha			
of contributions	1,323,000		207,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	259,120	_	
\$ _	2,826,120	\$	2,247,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$259,120 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:						
2023	\$	(152,000)				
2024	\$	(94,000)				
2025	\$	(38,000)				
2026	\$	277,000				
2027	\$	239,000				
Thereafter	\$	88,000				

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.0% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

by FY 2032

Ages 65 and Older 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.50% by FY 2025

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by

2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.10 %
Fixed Income	9.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.00 %
Private Equity	8.5%	6.90 %
High Yield Credit	8.0%	1.70 %
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.20 %
Cash	<u>1.0%</u>	(0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total health care OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- Administrative expenses, except the administrative fee of \$8 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates
 defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS
 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient
 prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following
 Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee contributions
 - School District/University Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010.

These adjustments were incorporated into the valuation with open group projections that assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- Adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years were based on the following assumptions:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - Estimates for new entrants were based on the assumption that active headcounts would remain flat for all future years.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1%			Current Discount		1%	
	_	Decrease	_	Rate	_	Increase	
KTRS		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%	
District's proportionate share							
of MIF net OPEB liability	\$	6,089,000	\$	4,853,000	\$	3,830,000	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current Health	
	_	1% Decrease	Care Trend Rate	1% Increase
KTRS				
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,638,000	\$ 4,853,000	\$ 6,364,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

TRS Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Contributions – The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed 0.08% of salary to the Life Insurance Trust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 0.07% for fiscal year June 30, 2022. The actuarial determined contribution rate for FY 23 was 0.08% and 0.07% for FY 22.

TRS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 79,000
Total	\$ 79,000

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$6,053 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.50%
Real Wage Growth 0.25%
Wage Inflation 2.75%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
U. S. Equity	40.0%	4.40 %
International Equity	23.0%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.00 %
Private Equity	5.0%	6.90 %
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.10 %
Cash	2.0%	(0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Single Equivalent Interest Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (AC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applied.
- Administrative expenses were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay all benefits for all current members.

NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS of Ky.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

NOTE 8 – ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. At June 30, 2023, this amount totaled \$169,073.

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated and include workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

Funding for the District's Grant Funds is provided by federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If, based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced, or to refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs. In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage.

Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such a fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, and for any reason, by giving ninety days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past several fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 13 - DEFICIT OPERATING/ FUND BALANCES

The Food Service Fund is operating with a deficit fund balance of \$393,750 at June 30, 2023. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit after transfers and other financing sources (see Note 14) resulting in the following reductions of fund balances:

Building Fund \$157,621 Debt Service \$1

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Special Revenue	KETS Matching	\$42,454
Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	\$59,591
Special Revenue	Construction	Construction	\$1,543,551
Building	Construction	Construction	\$1,599,822
Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$604,272
Building	Special Revenue	Indirect Costs	\$7,471
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$51,305

NOTE 15 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 4,283,178
Health & Life Insurance	2,337,892
Technology	100,631
Debt Service	451,481
Recognized at the Fund Level	\$ 7,173,182
Additional pension expense recognized	
at the Government-Wide Level	\$ 1,696,721
Total On-Behalf	\$ 8,869,903

These payments were recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance as follows:

General Fund	\$ 6,475,004
Food Service Fund	246,697
Debt Service Fund	451,481
Total	\$ 7,173,182

NOTE 16-LITIGATION

The District is subject to several legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 17- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transaction for potential recognition or disclosure through October 30, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 18 - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Prior to the year ended June 30, 2023, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak to be a pandemic. COVID -19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity. The continued spread of the disease represents a significant risk that operations will continue to be disrupted for the foreseeable future. The full extent to which COVID-19 impacts the District will depend on future developments which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

NOTE 19 - SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Implementation of this standard as of July 1, 2022 had no effect on beginning balance, but did have a material effect on the government-wide financial statements in the current year as outlined below:

	Prior to GASB No. 96				
Statement of Net Position				•	
Net intangible subscription asset	\$ -	\$	6,365	\$	6,365
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,223,998	\$	12,230,363	\$	6,365
Statement of Activities		_			()
District administration	\$ 1,922,005	\$	1,915,640	\$	(6,365)

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		surement Date) 2023 (2022)	rting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2021 (2020)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)		orting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2018 (2017)		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2017 (2016)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2016 (2015)		
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.141387%	0.138553%	0.131814%	0.122517%		0.124204%		0.124204%		0.128885%		0.135900%	0.137300%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,220,885	\$ 8,833,841	\$ 10,110,025	\$ 8,616,674	\$	7,564,402	\$	7,554,035	\$	6,690,266	\$ 5,901,516		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,008,566	\$ 3,389,854	\$ 3,246,252	\$ 3,100,092	\$	3,088,791	\$	2,771,090	\$	3,299,597	\$ 4,439,208		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		254.98%	260.60%	311.44%	277.90%		244.90%		272.60%		202.80%	132.90%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%	59.97%		
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0%	0%	0%	0%		0%		0%		0%	0%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associat with the District Total	ed \$ \$	45,943,187 45,943,187	\$ 36,890,994 36,890,994	\$ 38,480,449 38,480,449	\$ 38,428,357 38,428,357	\$	37,503,211 37,503,211	\$	83,434,442 83,434,442	\$	90,120,765 90,120,765	\$ 71,163,841 71,163,841		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,674,087	\$ 10,019,908	\$ 9,484,797	\$ 10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$	10,155,609	\$	10,227,610	\$ 10,097,712		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%		59.30%		56.40%		54.60%	55.30%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	2022		2021		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 809,739	\$ 830,079	\$	691,512	\$	660,212	\$ 502,835	\$ 447,257	\$ 386,567	\$ 409,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	809,739	 830,079		691,512		660,212	 502,835	447,257	386,567	 409,810
Contribution deficiency (excess)			0		0		-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,460,423	\$ 3,921,016	\$	3,582,967	\$	3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090	\$ 3,299,597
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.40%	21.17%		19.30%		19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 	 <u> </u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,201,063	\$ 10,674,087	\$	10,019,908	\$	9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609	\$ 10,227,610
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on an annual basis using the actuarial valuation conducted two years prior to the year in which the contribution will be assessed.

2020 Changes of Assumptions –The amortization period for the unfunded liability was reset as of June 30, 2019, to a closed 30-year period.

2019 Changes of Assumptions – The 2019 actuarial valuation used updated mortality tables for all categories of members and beneficiaries and a system-specific mortality table for non-disabled retirees. In 2019, mortality rates for active members were based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous members and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the hazardous members, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality for disabled retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Previous valuations were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

2017 Changes of Assumptions – For the 2017 actuarial valuation, several key actuarial assumptions were revised. Changes in assumptions prior to 2016 provided minor adjustments to the actuarial measurements. The following table outlines the actuarial methods and assumptions that were used in 2019 and 2016 to determine contribution rates reported for all systems:

Assumption	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of Percentage of	Level of Percentage of
	Payroll, closed	Payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Post-retirement benefit adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation	2.30%	3.25%
Salary Increase	3.3% to 11.55% varies by service), average, including Inflation	4% , average, including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% , Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation	7.5%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Cont'd):

Changes of Benefit Terms -

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date begins on or after January 1, 2014

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

2022 Changes to Benefit Terms – A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022. This tier increases the retirement age to either age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service. This tier includes a defined benefit foundational benefit based on service and final average salary plus a defined contribution supplemental benefit. More details about this new tier are available on the TRS website, https://trs.ky.gov/active-members/trs-1-trs-2-and-trs-3-member-information.

2021 Changes of Assumptions – The 2020 experience study was used to adjust rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub 2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2018 Changes of Assumptions – The 2018 actuarial analysis for TRS of Ky indicated that cash flow for the system would be sufficient to pay benefits in all periods. As a result, the discount rate for the 2018 study was the same as the long-term expected yield of 7.5%. In 2017, the analysis used a blended rate of 4.49% which included the application of the municipal bond index to periods after 2038. The actuarial gains for this change will be recognized over the average remaining service lives for active members (10.6 years for the 2020 valuation) and are creating negative pension expense for the TRS pension system.

2017 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2016 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%. Rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted based on an experience study conducted in 2015. The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were also decreased.

2015 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 5.23% to 4.88%.

2014 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 5.16% to 5.23%.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2023 (2022)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2022 (2021)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2021 (2020)	easurement Date) 2020 (2019)	1	easurement Date) 2019 (2018)	orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2018 (2017)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.141362%	0.138520%	0.131776%	0.122485%		0.124199%	0.128885%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,789,798	\$ 2,651,896	\$ 3,181,990	\$ 2,060,145	\$	2,205,129	\$ 2,591,029
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,008,566	\$ 3,389,854	\$ 3,246,252	\$ 3,100,092	\$	3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		69.60%	78.23%	98.02%	66.45%		71.39%	93.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%		57.62%	52.40%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.195494%	0.151274%	0.145435%	0.150307%		0.148137%	0.161762%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,853,000	\$ 3,246,000	\$ 3,670,000	\$ 4,399,000	\$	5,139,931	\$ 5,768,080
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associa with the District Total	ted \$ \$	1,594,000 6,447,000	\$ 2,636,000 5,882,000	\$ 3,674,000 7,344,000	\$ 3,553,000 7,952,000	\$	4,430,000 9,569,931	\$ 4,712,000 10,480,080
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 8,561,717	\$ 10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		56.14%	36.27%	42.87%	41.58%		54.22%	56.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%		25.50%	21.18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 117,308	\$ 226,635	\$ 170,549	\$ 162,829	\$ 163,065	\$ 145,173
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 117,308	226,635	170,549	162,829	 163,065	 145,173
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,460,423	\$ 3,921,016	\$ 3,582,967	\$ 3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	3.39%	5.78%	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 259,120	\$ 259,428	\$ 268,524	\$ 282,235	\$ 317,421	\$ 284,397
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 259,120	259,428	268,524	282,235	 317,421	 284,397
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,527,284	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	3.44%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

2022 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability increased from 5.20% to 5.70% for the CERs non-hazardous insurance plan.

2021 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Initial rates for health cost trends for retirees under age 65 were lowered from 6.4% to 6.25% and rates for retirees ages 65 or older were increased from 2.9% to 5.5%. Municipal bond index rate was lowered from 2.45% to 1.92% (Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index). And the single discount rate for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan was lowered from 5.34% to 5.20%.

2017 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were changed from the 2016 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of Return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 4% average Inflation rate 3.25%

Initiation rate 3.25%
Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years

Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.56% Discount Rate 5.84%

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

2022 Changes to Benefit Terms: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022. This tier increases the retirement age to either age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service. This tier includes a defined benefit foundational benefit based on service and final average salary plus a defined contribution supplemental benefit. More details about this new tier are available on the TRS website, https://trs.ky.gov/active-members/trs-1-trs-2-and-trs-3-member-information.

2021 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2020 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions: The actuary updated the health care trend rates based on current economic data.

2019 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions: The State's biennial budget for the two years ended June 30, 2022, included the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rate for the TRS of Ky system plus additional contributions to address the shortfall from previous years. The actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2019 measurement included an assumption that future state contributions would be based on the ADC which provides sufficient funding for all future periods. As a result, TRS used the long-term rate of return, 7.5%, as the 2019 discount rate instead of a blended rate that included the municipal bond index for certain future periods.

2017 Changes to benefit terms: With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	porting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2022 (2021)	easurement Date) 2021 (2020)		easurement Date) 2020 (2019)	porting Fiscal Year leasurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Doorting Fiscal Year Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0%	 0%	 0%	-	0%	 0%	0%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-		-	-	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associate with the District Total	\$ 79,000 \$ 79,000	\$ 35,000 35,000	\$ 89,000 89,000	\$	83,000 83,000	\$ 76,000 76,000	\$ 63,000 63,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 8,561,717	\$	10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%		73.40%	75.00%	79.99%

 ${f Note:}$ Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	 	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,527,284	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

2021 Changes to assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary
 increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was
 changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees,
 contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2017 Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	CA	SEEK APITAL OUTLAY FUND	_	FSPK BUILDING FUND	ST	FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	=	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable Accounts receivable	\$	404,454 - -	\$	448,648 - -	\$	304,509 - -	\$	8,779 - -	\$ 3,607	\$	1,169,997 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	404,454	=	448,648	\$	304,509	\$_	8,779	\$ 3,607	\$_	1,169,997
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable	\$		\$_		\$	8,400	\$_		\$ 	\$_	8,400
TOTAL LIABILITIES			_	<u> </u>		8,400	_			_	8,400
FUND BALANCES: Assigned Restricted		- 404,454		- 448,648		- 296,109		- 8,779	- 3,607		- 1,161,597
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		404,454	_	448,648		296,109	_	8,779	3,607	_	1,161,597
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	404,454	\$	448,648	\$	304,509	\$_	8,779	\$ 3,607	\$_	1,169,997

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u>.</u>	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	. <u>-</u>	FSPK BUILDING FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	, 	DEBT SERVICE FUND		DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND		TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: From local sources:											
Taxes:											
Property	\$	-	\$	801,294	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	801,294
Earnings on investments		-		-	548		-		-		548
Other local revenues		-		-	639,384		-		8,165		647,549
Intergovernmental - State	_	202,160		1,252,650			451,481		<u> </u>	_	1,906,291
TOTAL REVENUES	-	202,160	_	2,053,944	639,932		451,481		8,165	_	3,355,682
Expenditures:											
Instruction		-		_	597,374		-		3,284		600,658
Student Support		=		=	2,155		=		-		2,155
Instructional Support		-		-	20,332		=		3,038		23,370
Student Transportation		-		-	-		-		-		-
Community Service		-		-	-		=		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-	-		4 055 754		-		-
Debt Service TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	-		<u> </u>	619,861		1,055,754 1,055,754	-	6,322	-	1,055,754 1,681,937
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	-	_	-	019,001		1,055,754	-	0,322	-	1,001,931
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	-	202,160		2,053,944	20,071		(604,273)	_	1,843		1,673,745
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Operating transfers in		_		_	_		604,272		_		604,272
Operating transfers out		-		(2,211,565)	-		-		_		(2,211,565)
2F-1-1111.	=			(=,= : :,= ==)				-		-	(=,=::,===)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-		(2,211,565)			604,272	_	<u>-</u>	_	(1,607,293)
Net Change in Fund Balances		202,160		(157,621)	20,071		(1)		1,843		66,452
Fund balance - beginning of year	_	202,294		606,269	276,038		8,780		1,764		1,095,145
Fund balance - end of year	\$	404,454	: <u>-</u>	448,648	\$ 296,109	\$_	8,779	\$	3,607	\$_	1,161,597

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u>-</u>	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2022	<u> </u>	Revenues	- <u>-</u>	Expenses	_	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2023
Powell County High School	\$	182,328	\$	508,873	\$	489,498	\$	201,703
Powell County Middle School		45,376		110,465		109,165		46,676
Stanton Elementary		21,903		24,535		23,680		22,758
Bowen Elementary		15,512		15,388		17,106		13,794
Clay City Elementary	_	10,919		36,280		36,021	-	11,178
Interfund Transfers			_	(55,609)		(55,609)		
	\$_	276,038	\$	639,932	\$	619,861	\$_	296,109

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		eposits						Deposits
	1	Held in						Held in
	Cu	stody for						Custody for
	S	tudents						Students
	J	une 30,						June 30,
ACCOUNTS:		2022	_	Revenues	_	Expenses	_	2023
General Fund	\$	6,169	\$	1,084	\$	2,352	\$	4,901
Teacher Vending		662		1,238		640		1,260
Foundation Scholarships		-		-		-		-
Student Activities		2,030		229		1,299		960
AP-Dual Credit English		1,122		-		588		534
Courtesy Committee		59		-		59		-
Float Fund		480		300		336		444
PTO		543		1,635		1,055		1,123
Art Class Fee		465		-		-		465
Pirates for Paws		382		-		-		382
STLP		19		-		-		19
Tech Replacement Fee		50		300		-		350
FMD/SpEd		62		-		-		62
EBD/SpEd		35		-		35		-
FMD Classroom		1		-		-		1
Connect		13		378		30		361
SR Breakfast 2024		59		290		349		-
Science Grant		1		-		-		1
Student Testing		1,579		-		-		1,579
Christmas Tea		423		-		-		423
Graduation Honors		2,724		2,700		2,148		3,276
Social Studies Grant		131		35		-		166
Key Club		156		645		602		199
Senior Breakfast		67		5,773		5,352		488
Bass Team		942		12,722		13,664		-
Advance KY		-		-		-		-
Substitutes		270		-		-		270
Scholarships		-		-		-		-
Chess Club		231		-		169		62
Commited to Give		675		-		125		550
Upper Room		24		-		-		24
Academic Team		1,866		2,560		3,630		796
Student Parking		37		790		-		827
Library		52		-		-		52
Spanish		454		210		448		216
Entrepreneurship		1,797		-		56		1,741
Home Economics		248		-		-		248
Registration Fees		10,219		35		-		10,254
Prom		5,540		5,585		4,085		7,040
Senior Class Trip		204		20,877		20,891		190
Class of 2021		113		-		113		-
Class of 2022		-		-		-		-

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Deposits			Deposits
	Held in			Held in
	Custody for			Custody for
	Students			Students
	June 30,			June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	2022	Revenues	Expenses	2023
Band	\$ 3,492 \$	5,713 \$	8,171 \$	1,034
FBLA	3,687	13,042	9,355	7,374
Ecology Club	990	49,673	49,561	1,102
YSC	3,716	3,745	2,188	5,273
Snack Shack	6,363	23,058	28,580	841
Band Uniform	2	-	-	2
Marching Band	12,825	13,746	24,096	2,475
Class of 2026	-	80	-	80
Yearbook	11,588	2,875	6,018	8,445
Pirates PBIS Store	162	-	-	162
AG Shop	440	400	400	440
Counselors	663	480	869	274
Class of 2024	-	251	-	251
DECA	1,051	-	-	1,051
Gear-Up Projects	6	-	-	6
Government Club	71	110	-	181
Science Olympiad	-	-	-	-
PCHS Dance Team	140	-	-	140
Charitable Organizations	-	-	-	-
Locker Rental	15	-	-	15
Beta Club	2,052	2,275	1,171	3,156
Drama Club	1,119	-	-	1,119
FCA	174	-	-	174
FFA	1,112	26,849	23,421	4,540
FCCLA	3,840	7,046	4,775	6,111
FCCLA Region 15	20	-	-	20
Playschool	-	320	133	187
Educators Rising	407	-	-	407
FEA Club	-	-	-	-
Sew What	2,661	-	-	2,661
Pep Club	538	819	849	508
TSA	6	5,899	3,646	2,259
Special Oylmpics	-	-	-	-
HOSA	395	1,017	-	1,412
Construction Club	152	-	-	152
Skills Club	6	-	-	6
HOSA Competition	8	-	-	8
Bus Garage	29	137	127	39
Futsol	10	-	-	10
Badminton Club	122	345	330	137
Athletics	29,715	84,776	101,070	13,421
	, -	, -	1	- /

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ACCOUNTS:		Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2022		Revenues		Expenses		Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2023
Baseball	- \$	12,345	¢ –	36,484	· c	29,010	· c	19,819
Boys Basketball	Ψ	1,404	Ψ	17,806	Ψ	16,156	Ψ	3,054
Girls Basketball		1,969		10,576		7,189		5,356
Cheerleaders Varsity		874		10,943		11,555		262
Concessions		2,001		22,914		7,902		17,013
Football		1,493		20,217		21,710		-
Boys Golf		2,149		1,100		2,375		874
Girls Golf		954		2,472		2,758		668
Softball		2,057		16,172		9,567		8,662
Track		629		2,036		2,665		, -
Boys Soccer		3,983		14,629		9,441		9,171
Cross Country		4,763		1,693		2,544		3,912
Volleyball		1,111		13,353		9,358		5,106
PE Club		300		-		-		300
Youth Football		9,085		13,240		14,960		7,365
Ahtletic Field Trip		1		-		-		1
Girls Soccer		5,930		13,243		12,873		6,300
Football Support		-		-		-		-
14th Region		-		-		-		-
Xteam		1,945		11,953		5,746		8,152
Cross County Regional		-		-		-		-
Cross Country Area 7		160		-		-		160
Student Field Trip		-		-		-		-
Band Trip		178		-		-		178
Band Parent Organization		1,230		-		903		327
Gen Athletics/Extras		286						286
TOTALS	\$	182,328	\$	508,873	\$	489,498	\$	201,703

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance listing number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education	number		
United States Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	4003432 COMMODITIES	\$131,915
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-22	226,922
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-23	978,352
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-22	56,148
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-23	27,257
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22	63,335
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	283,418
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7690024-22	1,143
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-22	11,105
Total Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			1,779,595
State Pandemic Adm Cost Grant	10.649	9990000-22	3,135
State Administrative Expenses Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-22	2,477
Total United States Department of Agriculture			1,785,207
United States Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-21 4910002-21 ARP IDEA B	139,157
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	4781	93,067
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-22	362,997
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	04.027	3010002 22	595,221
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)			333,221
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-22	26,480
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-22	4,238
Special Education - Freschool Grants (IDEA Freschool)	64.173	4900002-21 ARP IDEA B	4,230
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	PRESCHOOL	5,063
	04.173	PRESCHOOL	35,781
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			631,002
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-20	2,123
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-21	644,061
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-22	745,518
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of	04.010	3100002-22	
the ESEA)			1,391,702

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance listing number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of ESEA)	number		_
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of			
ESEA)	84.011	3110002-21	18,353
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of			
ESEA)	84.011	3110002-22	39,515
Total Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of ESEA)			57,868
22.7			37,000
Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods; Full-			
Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education Community Projects			
Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods;			
Full-Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed			
Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education		FULL SERVICE COMMUNITY	
Community Projects	84.215	SCHOOLS-SUP518JC	2,042
Total Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods;			·
Full-Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed			
Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education Community			
Projects			2,042
Rural Education			
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-20	1,264
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-21	48,919
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-22	27,880
Total Rural Education			78,063
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving			
Teacher Quality State Grants)			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	3230002-21	8,939
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly	0.4.00=		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	3230002-22	102,074
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)			111,013
improving reaction quality state draits)			111,013
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-21	44,343
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-22	85,452
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			129,795
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	4300002-21 Covid 19 ESSER III	4,256,739
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	64.4250	4200002-21	4,230,739
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	Covid 19 ESSER II	148,417
Education Stabilization Fand (ESF)	07.4230	4300005-21	140,417
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	Covid 19 ESSER III	5,295
		4980002-21	2,233
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425W	Covid 19 ARP -ESSER	25,875
		Covid 19 ARP ESSER - DEEPER	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	LEARNING563J	17,779
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			4,454,105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance listing number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)	
Passed Through Berea College			_	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States (Perkins V)				
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - DIRECT SERVICES		
(Perkins V)	84.048	379JB	17,510	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SCHOOL BASED		
(Perkins V)	84.048	STAFF SALAR379JA	184,026	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States				
(Perkins V)	84.048	CARL D. PERKINS GRANT348J	40,929	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		PERKINS TITLE I-PART C		
(Perkins V)	84.048	CARRYOVER348IA	3,403	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SUPPLEMENTAL		
(Perkins V)	84.048	FUNDING379IA	39,476	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - DIRECT SERVICES		
(Perkins V)	84.048	379IB	8,865	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SUPPLEMENTAL		
(Perkins V)	84.048	FUNDING379IC	3,358	
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States	04.040	GEAR UP - SUPPLEMENTAL	02.754	
(Perkins V)	84.048	FUNDING379JC	92,754	
Total Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States			200 224	
(Perkins V)			390,321	
Total Department of Education			7,245,911	
Federal Communications Commission				
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program				
		EMERGENCY CONNECTIVITY		
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	FUND559I	9,040	
Total Emergency Connectivity Fund Program			9,040	
Total Federal Communications Commission			9,040	
Department of Health and Human Services				
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through				
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance				
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health				
through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based				
Surveillance	93.079	2100001-22	450	
Total Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health				
through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based				
Surveillance			450	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			450	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$9,040,608	

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Powell County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Powell County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- 2) Powell County School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$131,915.

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not pass through any federal awards to a subrecipient in the current fiscal year

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS:

AMERICAN INSTITUTE
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KENTUCKY SOCIETY
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SUSAN A. LACY, CPA

Laurence T. Summers 1961-1992 Stuart K. McCrary, Jr., CPA 1982-2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Powell County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management for the District in a separate letter dated October 30, 2023.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In addition, the item mentioned above was an instance of noncompliance with specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY October 30, 2023

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Powell County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Powell County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Powell County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Powell County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Powell County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Powell County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Powell County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY October 30, 2023

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued - <u>unr</u>	nodified	-			
Internal control over financial reporti	ing:				
Material weakness(es) identif	fied?		_yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied		_yes	X	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X	yes		_no
Federal Awards Internal control over majority progra	ms:				
Material weakness(es) identit	fied?		_yes	X	no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on co	ompliance f	or the n	najor p	rograms	s - <u>unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be report in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516 (a)? Identification of major programs:	;		yes	X	no
, , ,	Name of E	odoral	Drogra	m or Clu	ıctor
CFDA Number(s) 84.010	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				
84.425W; 84.425D; 84.425U	Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)				
10.555; 10.553; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B program	ns:		<u>\$750,0</u>	<u>00</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	1	_yes	Χ	_no

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2023-001 Payroll

Condition: One employee was not paid in accordance with the approved salary schedule.

Criteria: Observance of approved single salary schedule – KRS 157.320(12), KRS 157.50(3), and 702 KAR 3:070

Cause: One employee was not paid in accordance to the approved salary schedule.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes and overpayment of employees.

Recommendation: We recommend management review payroll before it is finalized and confirm all employees are being paid in accordance to the salary schedule.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: This was not a new employee setup therefore occurred from a prior year. A beginning of the year review process and bi-monthly payroll review has been implemented.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the current year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 Payroll

Condition: Some employees were not paid in accordance with the approved salary schedule.

Criteria: Observance of approved single salary schedule – KRS 157.320(12), KRS 157.50(3), and 702 KAR 3:070

Cause: Three employees were not paid in accordance to the approved salary schedule.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes and overpayment of employees.

Recommendation: We recommend management review payroll before it is finalized and confirm all employees are being paid in accordance to the salary schedule. We also recommend management review the salary schedule to ensure all extended days and extra services are presented correctly on the salary schedules.

Status: Similar finding in the current year.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the prior year.

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS:

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SUSAN A. LACY, CPA

Laurence T. Summers 1961-1992 Stuart K. McCrary, Jr., CPA 1982-2022

Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Powell County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated October 30, 2023 on the financial statements of the Powell County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various district personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC Lexington, Kentucky October 30, 2023

BOARD

None in the current year.

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Comment: During our testing of cash receipts, we noted receipt numbers were not being

identified on the deposit slips. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states the deposit slip shall

note the receipt numbers in the deposit.

Response: Bookkeeper will review receipts to make sure receipt numbers are noted on

the deposit slips.

Comment: During our testing of ticket sales, we found a form that was missing an

explanation of the difference calculated, and was not signed by the Person in Charge of Sales, as required by the "Redbook". We recommend the school treasurer review Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, which shows the Person in Charge of Sales needs to sign, and any discrepancies

need to be explained.

Response: Bookkeeper will review Form F-SA-1 to make sure it is completely filled out

before processing.

Comment: During our testing of Disbursements, we noted multiple invoices that did not

have a signature of person receiving the goods or services. The school treasurer should review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbook", which states the vendor invoice or Standard Invoice (Form F-SA-8) must have a

confirmation signature of the person receiving the goods or services.

Response: Bookkeeper will review form F-SA-8 to make sure a confirmation signature is

received each time.

Comment: During our testing of the annual reports, we found the Accounts Receivable

and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) was not completed. Upon our testing of Accounts payable, we found multiple that needed to be classified as a payable at year end. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Annual Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) is to be included in the annual report, and review the "Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which defines which payables and receivables need ot be included on the

form.

Response: Bookkeeper will add this form to the end of year close process to make sure

this form is completed and included in the Annual Reports.

POWELL COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

Comment: During testing of ticket sales, we found a form that was missing an

explanation of the difference calculated, and was not signed by the Person in Charge of Sales, as required by the "Redbook". We recommend the school treasurer review Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, which shows the Person in Charge of Sales needs to sign, and any discrepancies

need to be explained.

Response: Bookkeeper will review Form F-SA-1 to make sure it is completely filled out

before processing.

Comment: During our testing of the annual reports, we found the Accounts Receivable

and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) was not completed. Upon our testing of Accounts Payable, we found multiple that needed to be classified as a payable at year end. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Annual Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) is to be included in the annual report, and review the "Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which defines which payables and receivables need to be included on the

form.

Response: Bookkeeper will add this form to the end of year close process to make sure

this form is completed and included in the Annual Reports.

BOWEN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Comment: During our testing of Disbursements, we noted multiple invoices that did not

have a signature of person receiving the goods or services. The school treasurer should review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbook", which states the vendor invoice or Standard Invoice (Form F-SA-8) must have a

confirmation signature of the person receiving the goods or services.

Response: Bookkeeper will review form F-SA-8 to make sure a confirmation signature

is received each time.

CLAY CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Comment: During our testing of Disbursements, we noted multiple invoices that did not

have a signature of person receiving the goods or services. The school treasurer should review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbook", which states the vendor invoice or Standard Invoice (Form F-SA-8) must have a

confirmation signature of the person receiving the goods or services.

Response: Bookkeeper will review form F-SA-8 to make sure a confirmation signature is

received each time.

Comment: During our testing of the annual reports, we found the Accounts Receivable

and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) was not completed. Upon our testing of Accounts payable, we found multiple that needed to be classified as a payable at year end. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Annual Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) is to be included in the annual report, and review the "Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which defines which payables and receivables need to be included on the

form.

Response: Bookkeeper will add this form to the end of year close process to make sure

this form is completed and included in the Annual Reports.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

BOARD

Previously during testing of payroll, it was noted that several employees did not have current year contracts on file. We recommend management confirms they received contracts from all non-tenured employees at the start of each fiscal years. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously during procedures over investments, it was noted that Investments do not meet KDE compliance (KRS 66.480). We recommend the district refer to the letter supplied to them by KDE in 2018 which outlines several suggestions on how to handle the annuities for the duration of their existence. The District should update the annuitant to be the current superintendent or the District itself. In addition, the Board should be made privy to all investment activity in these annuities on at least an annual basis. There was no similar finding in the current year.

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Previously during testing of receipts, there were two instances of funds not being deposited timely. A We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "receipts" section of the Redbook, which states, "A deposit shall be made on any day in which at least \$100 is on hand to deposit. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until the earlier of when \$100 is collected or the weekly deposit is made as required by paragraph c) of this item. If not deposited the day the money is collected, the treasurer still must write the receipt the day the money is collected. Money collected after school business hours shall be placed in a night depository or night drop at a bank or in the locked school safe and processed for deposit the following business day by the school treasurer. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on the last workday of the week, even if the deposit amount is less than \$100." There was no similar finding in the current year.

STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Previously during testing of receipts, there were two instances of funds not being deposited timely. a) We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "receipts" section of the Redbook, which states, "A deposit shall be made on any day in which at least \$100 is on hand to deposit. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until the earlier of when \$100 is collected or the weekly deposit is made as required by paragraph c) of this item. If not deposited the day the money is collected, the treasurer still must write the receipt the day the money is collected. Money collected after school business hours shall be placed in a night depository or night drop at a bank or in the locked school safe and processed for deposit the following business day by the school treasurer. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on the last workday of the week, even if the deposit amount is less than \$100.". There was no similar finding in the current year.